

Highlights

Public comment hearings on proposed changes to the IFC and IRC concluded on October 29, 2018. See <u>https://www.iccsafe.org/codes-tech-support/codes/code-development/current-code-development-cycle/</u> for more information.

The first draft reports for NFPA 1078 and NFPA 78 have been posted and are open for submission of public comments with a closing date of October 31, 2018.

The second draft report on NFPA 855 is to be posted November 1, 2018. See <u>https://www.nfpa.org/codes-and-standards/all-codes-and-standards/list-of-codes-and-standards/detail?code=855&tab=nextedition</u> for more information.

The second draft meeting of NFPA 70 will occur on October 22 to November 3, 2018. See <u>https://www.nfpa.org/codes-and-standards/all-codes-and-standards/list-of-codes-and-standards/detail?code=70&tab=nextedition</u> for more information.

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A second ballot on NECA 417 closed October 28, 2019.

ANSI/CAN/UL 1974 has been approved for publication.

CODES AND STANDARDS UPDATE OCTOBER 2018

The goal of the DOE OE Energy Storage System Safety Roadmap¹ is to *foster confidence in the safety and reliability of energy storage systems*. There are three interrelated objectives to support the realization of that goal: research, codes and standards (C/S) and communication/coordination. The objective focused on C/S is *"To apply research and development to support efforts that refocused on ensuring that codes and standards are available to enable the safe implementation of energy storage systems in a comprehensive, non-discriminatory and science-based manner."*

The following activities support that objective and realization of the goal:

- a. Review and assess C/S which affect the design, installation, and operation of energy storage systems (ESS).
- b. Identify gaps in knowledge that require research and analysis that can serve as a basis for criteria in those C/S.
- c. Identify areas in C/S that are potentially in need of revision or enhancement and can benefit from activities conducted under research and development.
- d. Develop input for new or revisions to existing C/S through individual stakeholders, facilitated task forces, or through laboratory staff supporting these efforts.

The purpose of this document is to support the above activities by providing information on efforts being conducted by U.S. standards developing organizations (SDOs) and other entities that are focused on ESS safety.

The information is organized relative to the scope of each document and energy storage systems from the "macro to the micro" (e.g., from overarching covering considerable scope, to installation specific, to ESS and then ESS components). Note also that more macro documents are likely to adopt by reference more micro documents.

Changes in current activity from the prior edition are shown in bold italics. Time-sensitive items (e.g., those having a schedule/due date) are highlighted in yellow.

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¹ DOE OE Energy Storage Systems Safety Roadmap, PNNL-SA-126115 I SAND2017-5140 R <u>https://www.sandia.gov/ess-ssl/publications/EnergyStorage_safetyroadmap_2017.pdf</u>

OVERARCHING CODES AND STANDARDS

DNV.GL	DNV GL – www.dnvgl.com/rules-standards/
Document:	DNVGL-RP-0043, Safety, Operation, and Performance of Grid-Connected Energy Storage Systems (GRIDSTOR)
ESS relevance:	The objective of GRIDSTOR is to provide a comprehensive set of recommendations for grid- connected energy storage systems. It aims to be valid in all major markets and geographic regions, for all applications, on all levels from component to system, covering the entire life cycle. End users, operators, and other stakeholders can find specific guidance in the document and references to other relevant standards, codes, and guidelines.
Current activity:	Supporting the second edition of GRIDSTOR released in September 2017. See <u>https://www.dnvgl.com/services/gridstor-recommended-practice-for-grid-connected-energy-</u> <u>storage-52177</u> for more information.
Date of next edition:	TBD
Document:	HEATSTOR Joint Industry Project (JIP)
ESS relevance:	The focus of HEATSTOR is on safety, operation, and performance aspects of heat storage systems. The objective of this document is to accelerate implementation of heat storage systems through creation of a globally recognized recommended practice for system safety, operation and performance.
Current activity:	An invitation had been out in 2017 to join a consortium to develop HEATSTOR. Based on the response from potential participants, the effort to develop HEATSTOR has been put on pause until further notice.
Date of publication:	TBD

	International Code Council (ICC) – www.iccsafe.org https://www.iccsafe.org/codes-tech-support/codes/code-development/current-code- development-cycle/
Document:	2018 International Fire Code (IFC)
ESS relevance:	Chapter 12 of the IFC covers energy systems and Section 1206 in that chapter covers electrical energy storage systems.
Current activity:	The public comment agenda was posted August 31, 2018 at <u>https://www.iccsafe.org/codes-tech-support/codes/code-development/current-code-development-cycle/</u> . The public comment hearings following that public comment agenda occurred October 24 to 29, 2018 in Richmond, Virginia. See <u>https://www.sandia.gov/energystoragesafety-ssl/publications/</u> for a brief covering the public comments related to ESS.
Date of next edition:	2021
Document:	2018 International Residential Code (IRC)
ESS relevance:	A section of the IRC covers energy storage systems.
Current activity:	See current activity under the IFC above relative to the posting of the public comment agenda and public comment hearings.
Date of next edition:	2021

INTERNATIONAL CODE COLUNCIA	International Code Council (ICC) – www.iccsafe.org https://www.iccsafe.org/codes-tech-support/codes/code-development/current-code- development-cycle/
Document:	2018 International Building Code (IBC)
ESS relevance:	Provides a basis for adoption and application of other standards and ICC model codes.
Current activity:	See current activity under the IFC above relative to the posting of the public comment agenda and public comment hearings.
Date of next edition:	2021
Document:	2018 International Mechanical Code (IMC)
ESS relevance:	Includes basic requirements for stationary fuel cell power systems and criteria for ventilation and exhaust of spaces.
Current activity:	See current activity under the IFC above relative to the posting of the public comment agenda and public comment hearings.
Date of next edition:	2021

Advancing Technology for Humanity	IEEE – www.ieee.org http://standards.ieee.org/about/nesc/
Document:	IEEE C2-17, National Electric Safety Code (NESC)
ESS relevance:	Covers electrical safety for utility systems and equipment.
Current activity:	The final date to receive change proposals from the public for revision of the 2017 edition leading to the 2022 edition was July 16, 2018. See http://standards.ieee.org/about/nesc/ and standards.ieee.org/about/nesc/ and http://standards.ieee.org/about/nesc/ and

	National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) – www.nfpa.org
Document:	NFPA 1-18, Fire Code
ESS relevance:	Chapter 52 (new in the 2018 edition) includes requirements related to the installation of energy storage systems. Requirements recognize both established battery technologies and new energy storage technologies. Provisions apply to new and existing energy storage system applications.
Current activity:	The first draft public input closing date was June 27, 2018. Six public comments were submitted to Chapter 52 on energy storage systems, some of which are intended to align Chapter 52 with NFPA 855. The first draft meeting to act on public inputs was held September 18 and 19, 2018. The first draft report is scheduled to be posted on March 27, 2019 and will have a June 5, 2019 public comment closing date. See https://www.nfpa.org/codes-and-standards/all-codes-and-standards/all-codes-and-standards/detail?code=1&tab=nextedition for more information and to view the public comments and first draft committee information.
Date of next edition:	2021
Document:	NFPA 70-17, National Electrical Code (NEC)
ESS relevance:	Article 706 (new in the 2017 edition) applies to energy storage systems and Article 480 remains applicable to batteries, in addition to other criteria in the NEC relevant to electrical equipment and installations.
Current activity:	The first draft report has been posted and had a second draft public comment closing date of August 30, 2018. Code Making Panel 13, having responsibility for review of public comments on the battery and energy storage provisions of the NEC, met the week of October 15, 2018 to discuss and develop recommendations changes assigned to them for introduction during the second draft meeting of the full NEC committee. A compilation of the public comments is being prepared in advance of a second draft meeting on October 22 to November 3, 2018. See https://www.nfpa.org/codes-and-standards/all-codes-and-standards/detail?code=70&tab=nextedition for more information.
Date of next edition:	2020
Document:	NFPA 5000-18, Building Code
ESS relevance:	Provides a basis for adoption and application of other standards.
Current activity:	Public comment was due June 27, 2018. The first draft meeting is scheduled for December 5, 2018, and the first draft report is scheduled to be posted on February 27, 2019.
Date of next edition:	2021

CODES AND STANDARDS FOR ESS INSTALLATIONS

FMelabal	FM Global – http://www.fmglobal.com (https://www.fmglobal.com/research-and-resources/fm-global-data-sheets)
Document:	FM Global Property Loss Prevention Data Sheet # 5-33, Electrical Energy Storage Systems
ESS relevance:	The data sheet describes loss prevention recommendations for the design, operation, protection, inspection, maintenance, and testing of electrical energy storage systems, which can include batteries, battery chargers, battery management systems, thermal management and associated enclosures and auxiliary systems. The focus of this data sheet is primarily on lithium-ion battery technology.
Current activity:	Work to update the data sheet via an interim revision is planned for Fall 2018.
Date of next edition:	Publication of an interim revision is expected in 2019.

Advancing Technology for Humanity	IEEE – www.ieee.org
Document:	IEEE 1635-18/ASHRAE Guideline 21-18, Guide for Ventilation and Thermal Management of Batteries for Stationary Applications
ESS relevance:	Covers how stationary battery systems utilizing vented (flooded) lead-acid, valve-regulated lead-acid (VRLA) and nickel-cadmium (NiCad) batteries can be provided with appropriate ventilation and thermal management.
Current activity:	The revisions to the 2012 edition have been completed and the 2018 edition of the document has been published.
Date of next edition:	TBD
Document:	IEEE P1578 (new standard), Recommended Practice for Stationary Battery Electrolyte Spill Containment and Management
ESS relevance:	Covers how electrolyte spills can be contained and managed. Covered are vented lead-acid, valve regulated lead-acid, vented nickel-cadmium and partially recombintant Ni-Cd batteries.
Current activity:	The draft standard is available at https://standards.ieee.org/develop/project/1578.html.
Date of next edition:	TBD

NECCA ASSOCIATION	National Electrical Contractors Association (NECA)—www.necanet.org
Document:	NECA 416-16, Recommended Practice for Installing Stored Energy Systems
ESS relevance:	National Electrical Installation Standards (NEISs) are designed to improve communication among specifiers, purchasers, and suppliers of electrical construction services and are intended to be referenced in contract documents for electrical construction projects. NECA 416-17 describes installation practices for energy storage systems such as battery systems, flywheels, ultra-capacitors, and smart chargers used for electric vehicle (EV) vehicle-to-grid (V2G) applications.
Current activity:	Suggestions for revisions and improvements to this document are welcome and can be directed to NECA at www.neca-neis.org
Date of next edition:	TBD based on current activity.

	National Electrical Contractors Association (NECA)—www.necanet.org
Document:	NECA 417 (new standard), Recommended Practice for Designing, Installing, Maintaining, and Operating Micro-grids
ESS relevance:	The document is designed to improve communication among specifiers, purchasers, and suppliers of electrical construction services and are intended to be referenced in contract documents for electrical construction projects. NECA 417 will cover the design, installation, maintenance, and operation of microgrids.
Current activity:	A second ballot for NECA 417 closed on October 28, 2018. See <u>http://www.neca-neis.org/ballot/second-ballot-for-neca-417-201x-recommended-practice-for-designing-installing-operating-and-maintaining-microgrids</u> for more information.
Date of next edition:	The goal is to complete NECA-417 in 2018.

	National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) – www.nfpa.org
Document:	NFPA 855, Standard for the Installation of Stationary Energy Storage Systems
ESS relevance:	The standard covers the safety of all energy storage systems and their installation in the built environment. Chapters of the standard cover equipment, protection and installation, limitations on energy storage system capacity as a function of technology and location and then provide additional criteria focused on specific energy storage system technologies.
Current activity:	The first draft report was posted for public review and comment with a closing date of July 12, 2018 and NFPA received over 800 public comments. Second draft meetings were held July 24 to 26, August 21 to 23, and September 10, 2018 and the minutes of those meetings are available at <u>https://www.nfpa.org/codes-and-standards/all-codes-and-standards/list-of-codes-and-standards/detail?code=855&tab=nextedition</u> The second draft report is scheduled to be posted November 1, 2018.
Date of first edition:	2020
Document:	NFPA 1078 (new standard), Standard for Electrical Inspector Professional Qualifications
ESS relevance:	Addressed qualifications of those who would review and approve electrical plans and conduct electrical inspections. Such plan reviews and electrical inspections would include, but not be limited to, energy storage systems.
Current activity:	The first draft report has been posted and is open for submission of public comments with a closing date of October 31, 2018. <i>The second draft meeting will occur February 26-27, 2019 in Tampa, FL</i> . See https://www.nfpa.org/codes-and-standards/all-codes-and-standards/all-codes-and-standards/list-of-codes-and-standards/detail?code=1078&tab=nextedition for more information.
Date of next edition:	2021
Document:	NFPA 78 (new standard), Guide on Electrical Inspections (proposed edition).
ESS relevance:	This document covers the minimum criteria to aid in organizing and conducting electrical inspections, including plan review and field inspection. Such plan reviews and electrical inspections would include, but not be limited to, energy storage systems.
Current activity:	The first draft report is posted and is open for submission of public comments with a closing date of October 31, 2018. See https://www.nfpa.org/codes-and-standards/all-codes-and-standards/detail?code=78&tab=nextedition for more information.
Date of next edition:	2021

CODES AND STANDARDS FOR A COMPLETE ESS

	American Society of Mechanical Engineers (ASME) – www.asme.org
Document:	TES-1 (new standard) Safety Standard for Thermal Energy Storage Systems
ESS relevance:	Provides safety-related criteria for molten salt thermal energy storage systems.
Current activity:	The TES committee ballot closed on August 20, 2018 with the latest draft of TES-1 being approved. However, some comments were received which required further consideration. The committee met on September 13, 2018 and approved the changes to the draft. A revised draft was recirculated for committee ballot that closed on October 1, 2018 and the committee met on October 18, 2018 to go over the results of the ballot. Based on the outcome of that meeting the TES-1 draft will be issued for a 60 day public review period.
Date of next edition:	TBD

	National Electrical Manufacturers Association – www.nema.org
Document:	ESS-1-2018 Standard for Uniformly Measuring and Expressing the Performance of Electrical Energy Storage Systems
ESS relevance:	Provides safety-related criteria for electrical ESSs.
Current activity:	The standard is going through the BSR-9 process for ANSI approval.
Date of next edition:	The standard should be published in late November 2018.

	National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) – www.nfpa.org
Document:	NFPA 791-2018, Recommended Practice and Procedures for Unlabeled Electrical Equipment
ESS relevance:	Could form a basis for assessing an energy storage system that is not labeled. Note that recommended practices are guides and are not documents that can be enforced by jurisdictions.
Current activity:	The deadline for public comment was June 27, 2018 and 34 public comments were received. The first draft report is scheduled to be posted on February 27, 2019. <i>The NFPA 791</i> <i>Technical Committee did meet on October 4, 2018 to discuss and vote on accepting the</i> <i>34 public comments received.</i> See https://www.nfpa.org/codes-and-standards/all-codes-and- standards/list-of-codes-and-standards/detail?code=791&tab=nextedition for more information.
Date of next edition:	2021

Underwriters Laboratories Inc.®	Underwriters Laboratories (UL) – https://ulstandards.ul.com/develop-standards/
Document:	ANSI/CAN/UL 9540, Energy Storage Systems and Equipment
ESS relevance:	Product safety standard for an energy storage system.
Current activity:	UL is preparing a proposed 2 nd edition of UL 9540 based on the proposal requests submitted. Once final input is received from the proposal submitters, the proposed second edition should be ready to be sent for preliminary review in October/November 2018. See <u>https://csds.ul.com/Home/ProposalsDefault.aspx</u> for more information on the upcoming preliminary review proposal for UL 9540 once it is available in CSDS.
Date of next edition:	TBD – UL standards are under continuous maintenance and are updated as warranted
Document:	UL 9540A, Test Method for Evaluating Thermal Runaway Fire Propagation in Battery Energy Storage Systems (BESSs)
ESS relevance:	This test method evaluates the fire characteristics of a battery energy storage system that undergoes thermal runaway. The data generated can be used to determine the fire and explosion protection required for an installation of a battery energy storage system.
Current activity:	A third edition of the standard was issued June 15, 2018. There is a Certification Requirement Decision (CRD) that will be published in the near future for UL 9540A to clarify current practice for the cell portion of the test method. See <u>https://www.shopulstandards.com/ProductDetail.aspx?UniqueKey=34477</u> for more information with regards to the CRD once available. UL will be proposing UL 9540A as a Joint National Standard for Canada and the United States, ANSI/CAN/UL 9540A. The draft standard should be ready to be sent for preliminary review in October/November 2018. See <u>https://csds.ul.com/Home/ProposalsDefault.aspx</u> for the upcoming preliminary review proposal for UL 9540A once it is available in CSDS.
Date of next edition:	TBD – UL standards are under continuous maintenance and are updated as warranted

CODES AND STANDARDS FOR ESS COMPONENTS

CSA Group	CSA GROUP (CSA) – www.csagroup.org
Document:	CSA C22.2 No. 107.1-2016, Power Conversion Equipment
ESS relevance:	Applies to alternating current (AC) and direct current (DC) type power conversion equipment, which can be associated with an energy storage system.
Current activity:	The standard is under continuous maintenance and updated as warranted.
Date of next edition:	TBD
Document:	CSA C22.2 No. 340-201 (new standard), Battery Management Systems
ESS relevance:	The standard covers the design, performance, and safety of battery management systems (electronic or electromechanical systems that control or regulate a battery or batteries, which may include external communication capabilities).
Current activity:	A draft standard is being developed by a working group. To join the committee contact Ryan Franks at <u>ryan.franks@csagroup.org.</u> Note that IEEE is also planning to develop a document on battery management systems (BMS). The CSA standard will be a consensus safety standard and the IEEE document (a publically available specification or PAS) will be a non-normative guide that details more procedural aspects of implementing a BMS and the techniques to achieve best functionality of a BMS. The CSA Group and IEEE are aware of each other's activities and have established liaisons to one another.
Date of next edition:	TBD

IEEE	
Advancing Technology for Humanity	IEEE – www.ieee.org
Document:	IEEE 1679.1-17, Guide for the Characterization and Evaluation of Lithium-Based Batteries in Stationary Applications
ESS relevance:	Provides appropriate information about the safety attributes and operating conditions related to stationary applications of lithium-based batteries. It provides recommendations for how to characterize lithium-ion battery performance and safety in stationary applications. The guide is very general and nonprescriptive, offering common challenges and solutions with the caveat to "consult the manufactures recommendations" for specific devices or technologies. The guide points to existing standards (e.g., UL 1642) and existing regulatory requirements (e.g., adoption of NFPA 70) wherever possible.
Current activity:	An active working group is engaged in considering updates to the standard.
Date of publication:	2017
Document:	IEEE P1679.2 (new standard), Guide for the Characterization and Evaluation of Sodium- Beta Batteries in Stationary Applications
ESS relevance:	Provides appropriate information about the safety attributes and operating conditions related to stationary applications of sodium-beta batteries. It provides recommendations for how to characterize sodium-beta battery performance and safety in stationary applications. The guide is very general and nonprescriptive, offering common challenges and solutions with the caveat to "consult the manufactures recommendations" for specific devices or technologies.
Current activity:	A revised version of the standard was sent out for recirculation and closed August 8, 2018.
Date of publication:	The unapproved draft is available from IEEE.

Advancing Technology	IEEE – www.ieee.org
for Humanity	
Document:	IEEE P1679.3 (new standard), Guide for the Characterization and Evaluation of Flow Batteries in Stationary Applications
ESS relevance:	Provides appropriate information about the safety attributes and operating conditions related to stationary applications of flow batteries. It provides recommendations for how to characterize flow battery performance and safety in stationary applications. The guide is general and nonprescriptive, offering common challenges and solutions with the caveat to "consult the manufactures recommendations" for specific devices or technologies.
Current activity:	Active working group, next meeting will be at the IEEE ESSB 2019 Winter General Meeting in Phoenix AZ, February 4-8. <u>http://sites.ieee.org/pes-essb/event/essb-meeting-</u> <u>2019-meeting-phoenix-az/</u> . Contact the working group chair to get involved: Vilayanur ("Vish") Viswanathan, vilayanur.viswanathan@pnnl.gov
Date of publication:	TBD
Document:	IEEE P2686 (new standard) Recommended Practice for Battery Management Systems in Energy Storage Applications
ESS relevance:	This recommended practice includes information on the design, installation, and configuration of battery management systems in stationary applications, including both grid-interactive, standalone cycling and standby modes. This document covers battery management hardware, software, and configuration. Hardware capabilities in large systems include: grounding and isolation; passive and active balancing; and wired or wireless sensors. Software capabilities include: algorithms for optimal operation with reduced risk; best practices for verification and validation; alarms; and communication with external systems. Common settings are discussed along with setting selection methods. Battery types that this document covers include lithium- ion, sodium-beta, advanced lead-acid, and flow batteries. General factors for other types are provided. Note that the CSA will also develop a document on battery management systems. The IEEE recommended practice will focus on non-normative design options and best- practices rather than requirements. The CSA Group and IEEE are aware of each other's activities and have established liaisons to one another.
Current activity:	Kickoff meeting for the newly approved working group will be held at the IEEE ESSB Winter General Meeting in Phoenix AZ, February 4-8, 2019. <u>http://sites.ieee.org/pes-</u> <u>essb/event/essb-meeting-2019-meeting-phoenix-az/</u> . Contact the working group chair to get involved: David Rosewater, <u>dmrose@sandia.gov</u>
Date of publication:	TBD

Underwriters Laboratories Inc.®	Underwriters Laboratories (UL) – https://ulstandards.ul.com/develop-standards/
Document:	UL 810A, Electrochemical Capacitors
ESS relevance:	Addresses the safety of electrochemical capacitors, which can be used as an energy source in energy storage systems.
Current activity:	The first edition of the standard was reaffirmed via a CSDS bulletin on February 3, 2017.
Date of next edition:	TBD - UL standards are under continuous maintenance and are updated as warranted.
Document:	UL 1642, Lithium Batteries
ESS relevance:	Lithium cell/battery requirements for battery systems that would be employed in energy storage systems.
Current activity:	New test requirements for soft-case pouch cells for a Narrow Bar Crush Test or Dent Test instead of the Impact Test were sent out August 24, 2018 for preliminary review with comments due September 28, 2018. See https://www.shopulstandards.com/ProductDetail.aspx?UniqueKey=34818 for more information on the proposal dated August 24, 2018. <i>Comments were received during preliminary review and are being considered before proceeding to ballot.</i>
Date of next edition:	TBD - UL standards are under continuous maintenance and are updated as warranted.
Document:	UL 1741, Inverters, Converters, Controllers and Interconnection System Equipment for Use with Distributed Energy Resources
ESS relevance:	Applies to the subject technology when used in conjunction with an energy storage system.
Current activity:	Consensus was achieved in the UL 1741 proposal review work area dated June 18, 2018. This proposal is expanding requirements for AC modules and includes requirements for photovoltaic (PV) modules with integrated electronics. The Proposal Owner is working on responses to comments received and a recirculation work area will be opened in the future. A second UL 1741 proposal review work area was opened September 17, 2018 that proposed changes to Section 13.1 of the standard related to disconnect device actuator options. See <u>https://www.shopulstandards.com/ProductDetail.aspx?UniqueKey=34907</u> for more information on the proposal dated September 17, 2018.
Date of next edition:	TBD - UL standards are under continuous maintenance and are updated as warranted.
Document:	ANSI/CAN/UL 1973, Standard for Batteries for Use in Stationary, Vehicle Auxiliary Power and Light Electric Rail (LER) Applications
ESS relevance:	Battery systems that would be employed in energy storage systems
Current activity:	The second edition of the standard was issued February 7, 2018. A Call for Proposals for UL 1973 was sent out to STP members and standard subscribers with any new proposals due by October 15, 2018. Numerous proposals were received. These proposals are being included in a preliminary review document that will be sent out for comment only to the STP and standard subscribers in the future.
Date of next edition:	TBD – UL standards are under continuous maintenance and are updated as warranted.
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Underwriters Laboratories Inc.®	Underwriters Laboratories (UL) – https://ulstandards.ul.com/develop-standards/
Document:	ANSI/CAN/UL 1974, Evaluation for Repurposing Batteries
ESS relevance:	This standard covers the sorting and grading process of battery packs, modules and cells, and electrochemical capacitors that were originally configured and used for other purposes, such as electric vehicle (EV) propulsion, and that are intended for a repurposed use application, such as for use in stationary energy storage systems and other applications. The process of sorting and grading these devices is essentially determining their state of health and other parameters to identify continued viability and the rating mechanisms the repurposing manufacturer may use for those that are determined suitable for continued use. This standard also covers application specific requirements for battery packs utilizing repurposed batteries and components.
Current activity:	This 1st edition is being proposed as a Joint National Standard for Canada and the United States, ANSI/CAN/UL 1974. Initial consensus was achieved for ANSI and additional affirmative ballots are still needed for consensus for the Canadian standard. Responses to comments have been posted in the UL 1974 proposal review work area dated March 30, 2018. The UL 1974 recirculation work area opened August 17, 2018, proposing additional revisions, with comments and STP ballots due October 10, 2018. On October 9, 2018 the results of the ballot were posted so STP members could make a comment or change their vote based on the input received on the prior STP ballot. The deadline for comments and/or a change of vote was October 23, 2018. Consensus has been maintained and UL will be proceeding with publishing the 1 st edition of ANSI/CAN/UL 1974. See https://www.shopulstandards.com/ProductDetail.aspx?UniqueKey=34798 for more information once the standard is published.
Date of first edition:	TBD based on work to be done after the above mentioned review.

Every effort is made by the Pacific Northwest National Laboratory (PNNL) and Sandia¹ staff to ensure the accuracy of the information presented in this report. PNNL and Sandia very much appreciate the input from staff of the standards developing organizations (SDOs) covered in the report as well as volunteers who are involved in one or more of the SDO initiatives covered in this document. Suggestions for revision, additions, and enhancements to this document are welcome and encouraged.

We at PNNL and Sandia, on behalf of the U.S. Department of Energy, Office of Energy, Energy Storage System Program whose support has made this report possible, want this document to be "the" source of information about codes and standards related to ESS safety. With your help we can make that happen and as outlined on page one achieve the codes and standards related objective in the ESS Safety Roadmap and the goal of fostering confidence in the safety and reliability of ESSs. For more information about the ESS Safety Roadmap efforts visit http://www.sandia.gov/ess/. For questions related to or to provide input on this document, please contact david.conover@pnnl.gov. Note that a Sandia R&A number will be added to this document (PNNL-27997) when it is posted at the ES Safety Collaborative website https://www.sandia.gov/energystoragesafety-ssl/.

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> PNNL-28159 SAND2018-12294R



Contact Information

For more information about this document and/or ES Safety Collaborative activities, contact: Summer R. Ferreira

Principle Member of the Technical Staff Sandia National Laboratories P.O. Box 5800 MS 0613 Albuquerque, NM87185-0613 Phone: 505-844-4864



Contact Information

For more information about this document and/or ES Safety Collaborative activities, contact:

David R. Conover Energy Tech & Market Adoption Pacific Northwest National Laboratory P.O. Box 999, MSIN K6-05 Richland, WA 99352 Phone: 703-444-2175 Email: david.conover@pnnl.gov