

### EFFECTIVE CONTAINMENT

OF VERY HIGH-DENSITY
ENERGY STORAGE
DEVICES UNDER
EXPLOSION AND FIRE

Safety @ SCALE



### PRESENTATION OUTLINE

- I. Premise and Threat Assessment Examples
- II. Threat Assessment at Scale of an Energy Storage Device
  - a. Definition of Energy at Scale
  - b. Issues in Performing an Accurate Threat Assessment at Scale
  - c. Proposed Tasks to Develop Needed Technical Information
- I. Proposed Blueprint for Action

### PREMISE

Effective safety at a utility-size energy storage site can result only from a threat assessment based on the corresponding long-duration energy at scale.

2



## QUALITY OF THREAT ASSESSMENTS EXAMPLES

- Projects Reflecting
   SATISFACTORY Threat
   Assessments
  - HVDC Terminal Substation –
     Converter Building





# QUALITY OF THREAT ASSESSMENTS EXAMPLES (CONTINUED)

 Projects Reflecting SATISFACTORY Threat Assessments

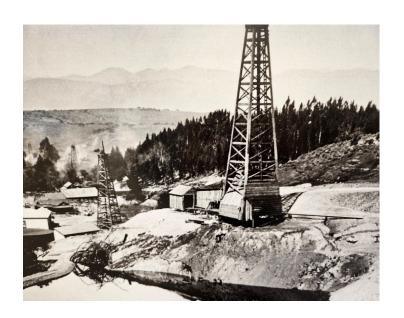
 Modern Nuclear Reactor Containment Building

### QUALITY OF THREAT ASSESSMENTS

(Examples Continued)

### **Projects Reflecting DEFICIENT Threat Assessment**

Transmission Line Steel Towers







6



## QUALITY OF THREAT ASSESSMENTS EXAMPLES (CONTINUED)

- Projects Reflecting DEFICIENT Threat Assessment
  - Fire Walls for Outdoor Power Transformers





### ENERGY STORAGE DEVICE CHARACTERIZATION

### · Quantification of the 'Energy at Scale'

The Energy at Scale of an energy storage device at a substation is equal to the sum of the ENERGY ratings of all interconnected conventional energy sources being displaced by the 'renewables-plus-storage' scheme, in addition to the maximum energy content of the device itself.

### · Duty Cycle Corresponding to the 'Energy at Scale'

Conventional generation is operated in a quasi-continuous duty cycle depending on the utility's scheduled maintenance intervals, which could typically be six months to a year. ALL loads must be served at ALL times, in addition to having energy reserves on demand to assure reliability, resiliency, and safety continuously.

### ENERGY STORAGE DEVICE CHARACTERIZATION

## Operational Conditions Under Which the Threat Assessment is to be Performed

- 1. Prevention and suppression systems have fully failed
- 2. Containment of the explosion and fire is the only safety measure remaining

### Ę.

## BASIS\* FOR A THREAT ASSESSMENT AT SCALE

\* (To Be Developed)

**NEEDED**: Codes, Standards, Test Protocols, and Test Facilities

- 1. Revise the relevant codes, to categorize a utility-scale energy storage application according to the type and volume of fuel\*\*, risk factors, use, and site conditions. Define and include a thermal resistance rating for the containment construction.
  - \*\*Test data AT SCALE for various types of energy sources will be needed here.
- 2. Develop safety criteria compatible with the full energy scale of the storage device under consideration.
- 3. Develop and disseminate representative standards and test protocols.
- 4. Develop facilities with the capabilities to test per the codes and standards.

### CONTAINMENT TESTING KEY POINTS

• Develop criteria for the test specimen.

• Follow the time versus temperature curve that corresponds to a fire of the energy storage device under total failure.

• Apply the highest anticipated 'replacement' energy when performing the thermal resistance rating test of a containment system.

#### CONTAINMENT TESTING KEY POINTS

(Continued)

- Instrument the test facilities to measure all parameters to be evaluated, including: transient and steady state temperatures, heat flux, thermal radiation, and explosion shock waves.
- Simulate the explosion and fire <u>suppression</u> effects such as: thermal shock; contaminants generated and their dispersion; flooding; high pressures; and damage from water or other extinguishing materials.
- For practical reasons, tests for explosion and for fire exposure might need to be performed separately.

#### RECOMMENDED BLUEPRINT FOR ACTION

### **Main Attributes**

1. BIG and BOLD

2. NOW and FAST

3. COLLECTIVE

### SAFETY @ SCALE

### IN CONCLUSION

- I. Take the <u>first</u> step now:
  - A. Develop codes and standards applicable to AT SCALE energy storage.

B. Perform an explosion and fire threat assessment AT SCALE on a representative long duration energy storage device.

14

II. To Be Determined (Contingent on I. above)



### THANK YOU