

2004 Sandia Blade Workshop



Sandia
National
Laboratories



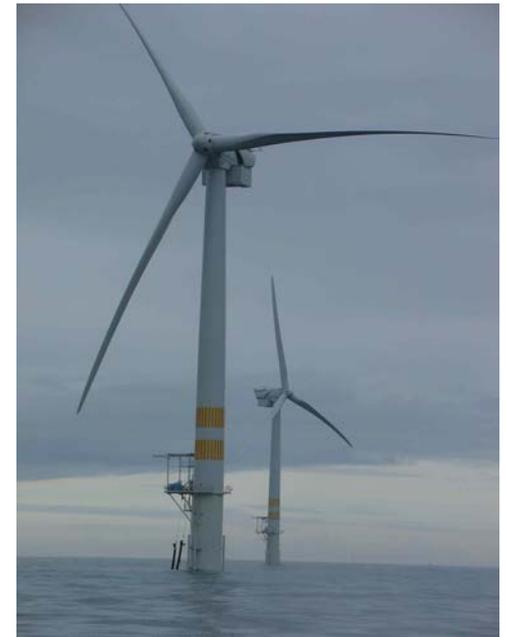
NREL

Welcome

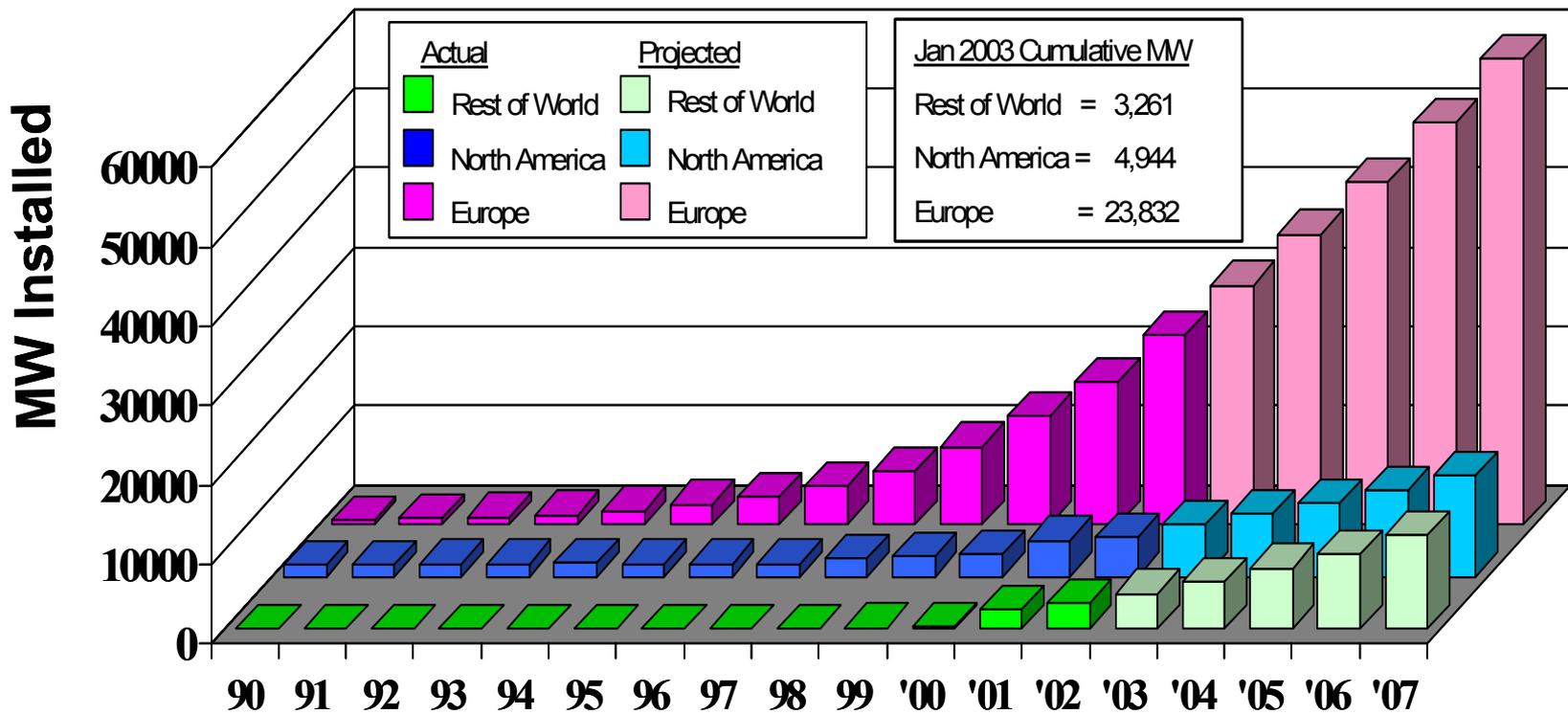
- Thanks for Attending!!!
- Workshop Staff
 - Sam Gershin, Lenore Boulton
 - Lisa Sena-Henderson, Rachel Woodrum, Shannon Clark
- DOE Wind Technology Management Team
 - DOE – Peter Goldman (Manager), Stan Calvert, Jack Cadogan, Phil Dougherty
 - NREL – Bob Thresher (Director), Brian Smith, Mike Robinson, Dave Simms
 - SNL – Paul Veers
- DOE Albuquerque – Danny Sanchez

Why a Blade Workshop

- Increasing interest in Wind Energy
 - Growth in worldwide capacity
 - New offshore projects in the U.S.
- Interest in blades
 - Increase in blade-related papers in conferences (ASME Wind Energy Symposium)
 - Articles in non-wind-specific magazines
- Goals for further COE reduction
 - Heavily rely on blades/rotor
- ***Bring together those with common interests***
 - Discuss issues associated with design & fabrication of modern turbine blades



Growth of Wind Energy Capacity Worldwide

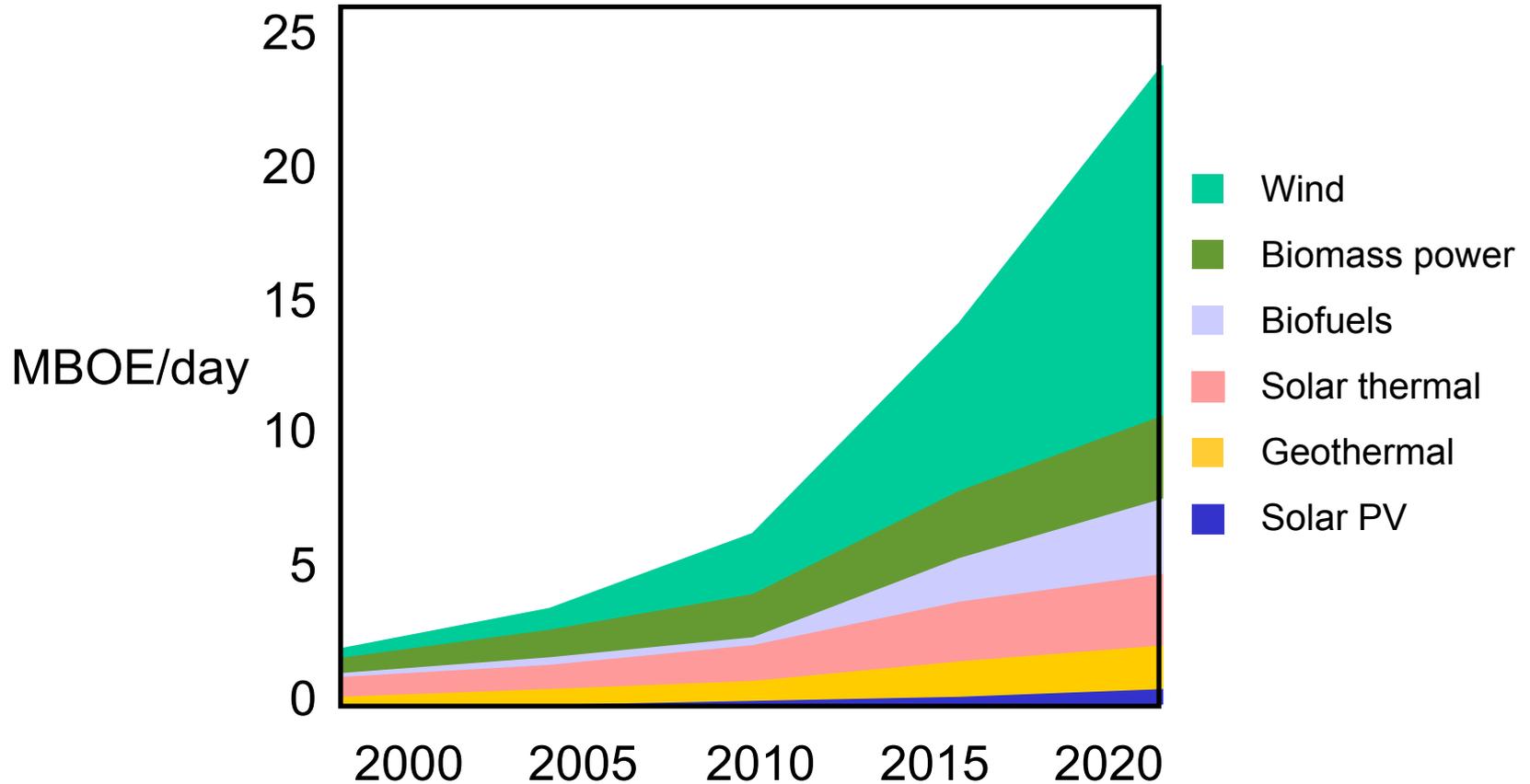


Sources: BTM Consult Aps, March 2003

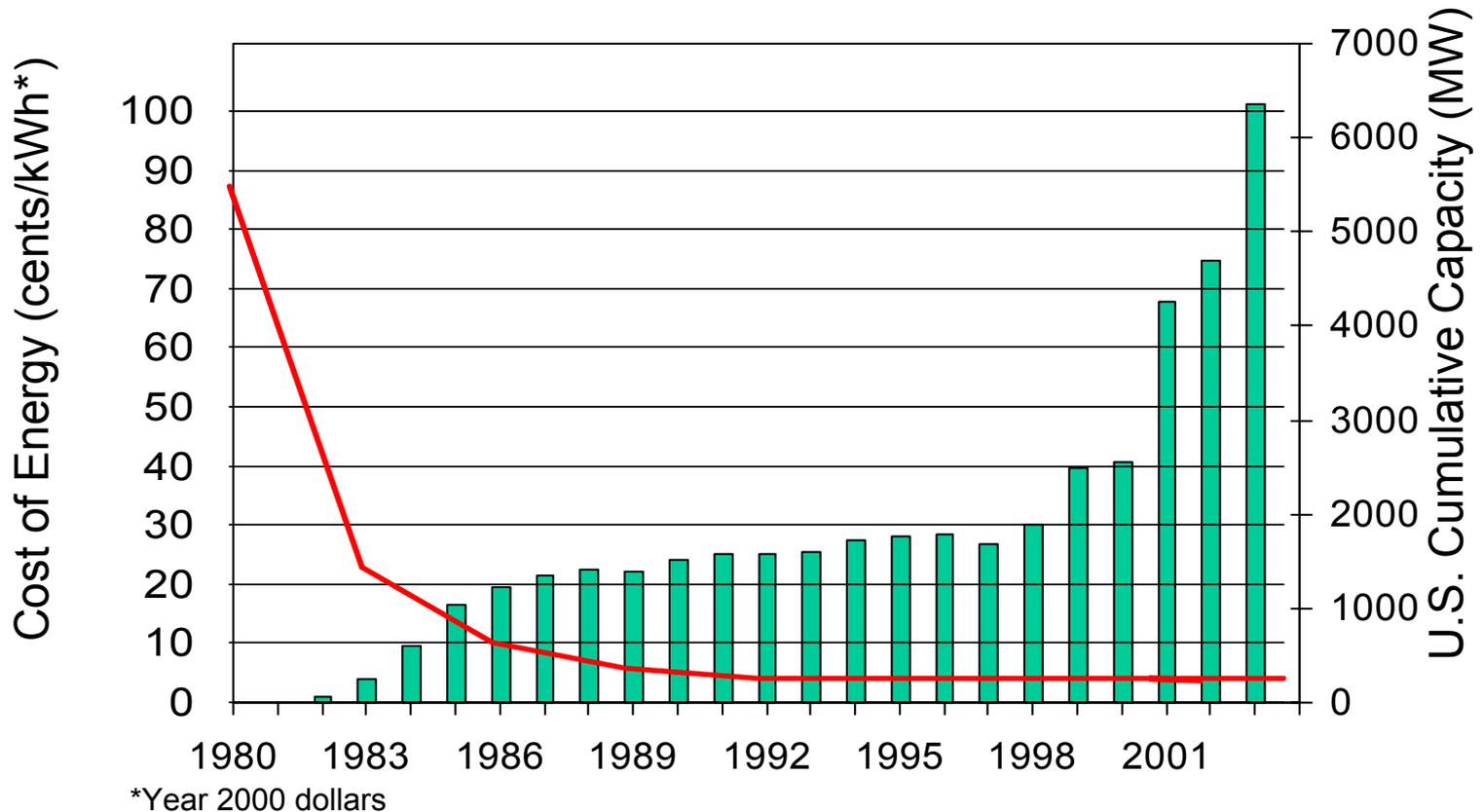
AWEA/EWEA Press Release 3/3/03 4

RE Growth Predictions

Source: Shell Global Scenarios



Cost of Wind Energy is Falling



Increased Turbine Size - R&D Advances - Manufacturing Improvements

Current Wind Industry Market

• Costs

- System < \$3/lb
- Blades < \$5/lb
- ~ \$0.75/Watt
- \$0.04-0.05/kWh

• Size

- **1.5**-5.0 MW
- Towers: **65**-100 m
- Blades: **34**-50m
- Weight: **150**-500t



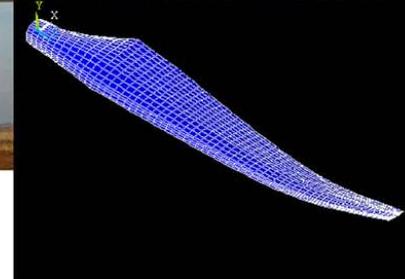


U.S. Department of Energy
Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy

Low Wind Speed Technology

Goal:

By 2012, reduce COE from large systems in Class 4 winds 3 cents/kWh onshore or 5 cents/kWh offshore





U.S. Department of Energy
Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy

Distributed Wind Technology

Goal:

By 2007, reduce COE
from distributed wind
systems 10-15 cents/kWh
in Class 3

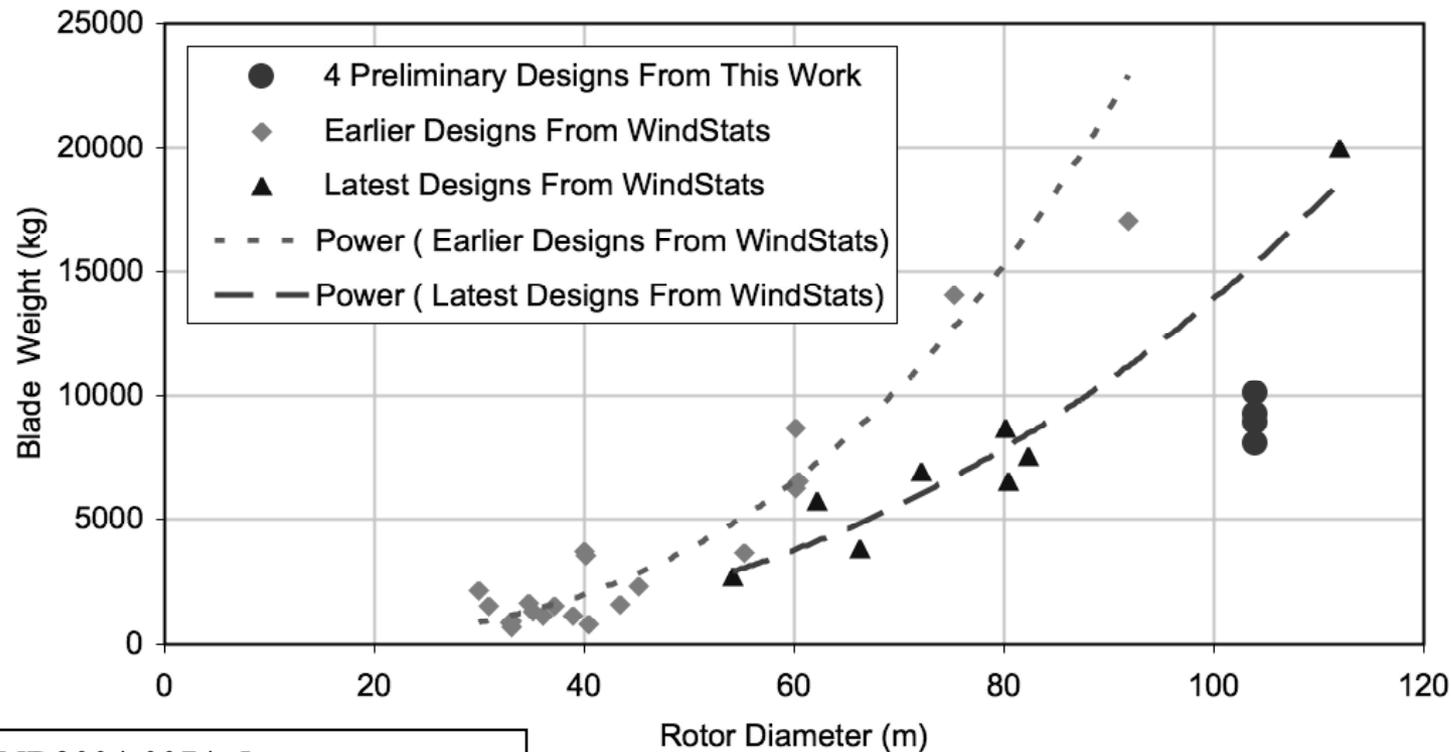


How Do We Reduce the Cost of Energy from Wind Turbines?

(Thresher: 5/02)

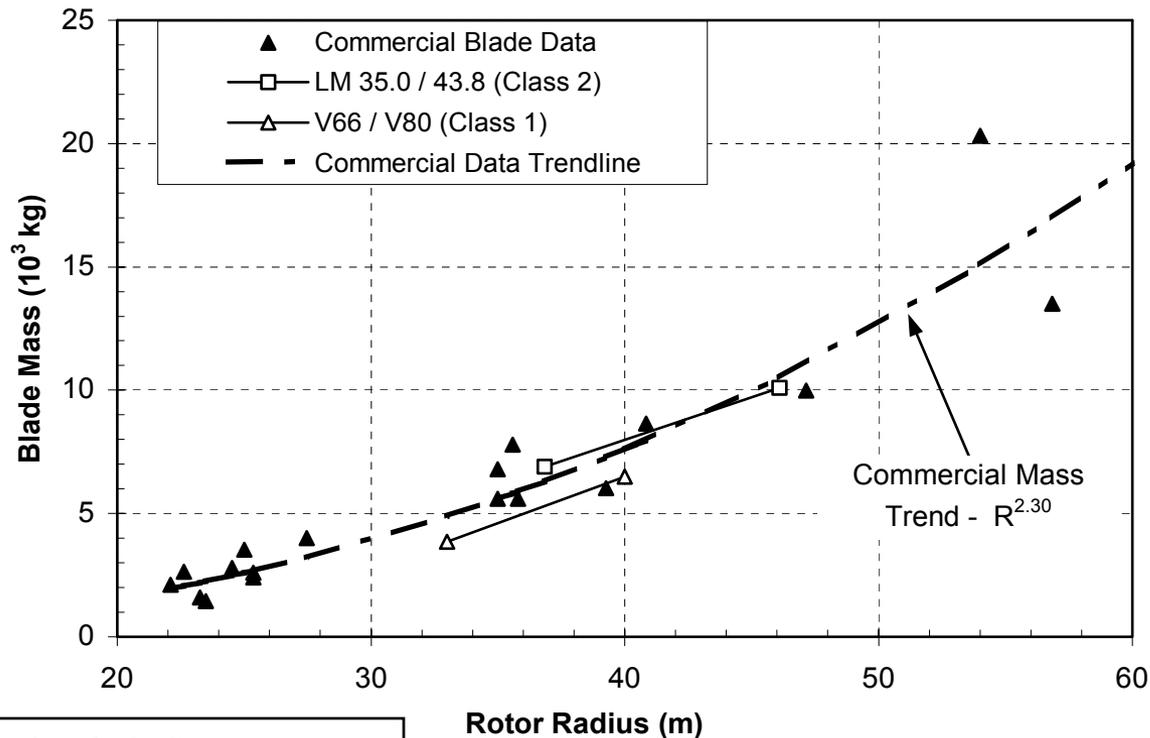
<u>Technology Improvements</u>	<u>Estimated COE Improvement</u>
• Larger-scale 2 - 5MW - (rotors up to 120m)	0% ± 5%
• Advanced rotors and controls – (flexible, low-solidity, higher speed, hybrid carbon-glass and advanced and innovative designs)	-15% ± 7%
• Advanced drive train concepts - (Hybrid drive trains with low-speed PM generators and other innovative designs including reduced cost PE)	-10% ± 7%
• New tower concepts - (taller, modular, field assembled, load feedback control)	-2% ± 5%
• Improved availability and reduced losses - (better controls, siting and improved availability)	-5% ± 3%
• Manufacturing improvements - (new manufacturing methods, volume production and learning effects)	-7% ± 3%
• Region and site tailored designs (tailoring of larger 100MW wind farm turbine designs to unique sites)	-5% ± 2%
TOTAL	-44% ± 32%

Comparison of Weight Trends WindStats Data & Preliminary Designs



SAND2004-0074, *Innovative Design Approaches for Large Wind Turbine Blades; Final Report, TPI*

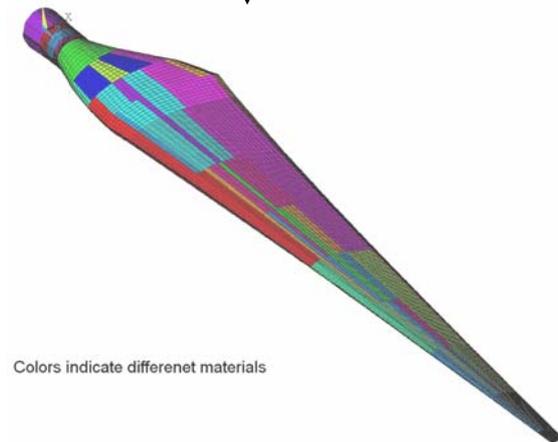
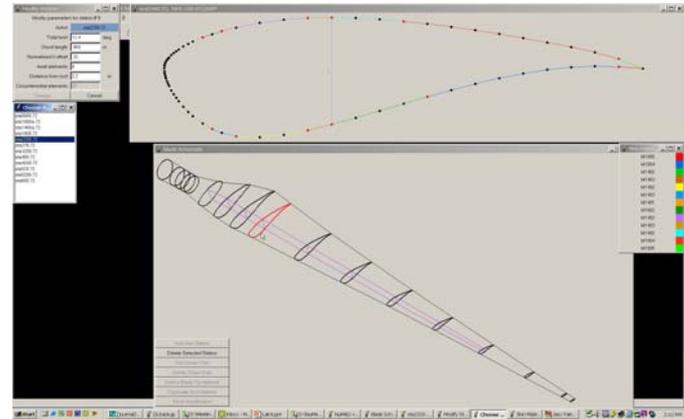
Mass Growth for Commercial MW-scale Blades (primarily fiberglass)



SAND2004-0073, *Blade System Design
Studies Volume II: Preliminary Blade
Designs and Recommended Test
Matrix*, GEC

Design Process Trends

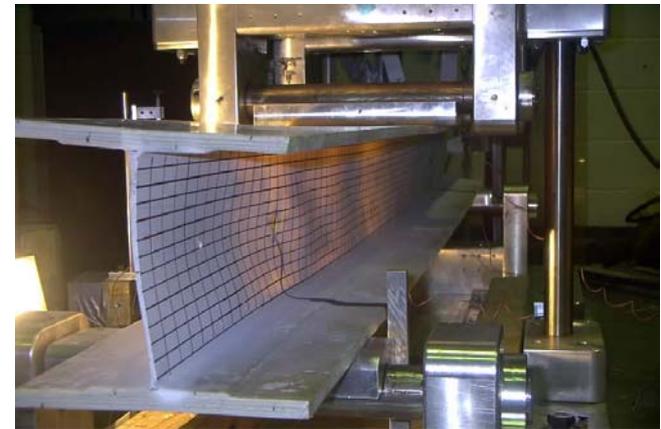
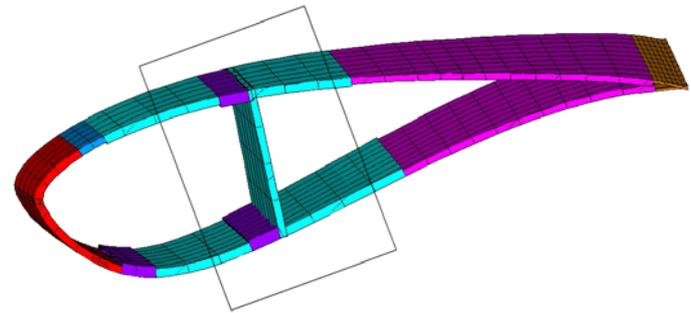
- Have matured significantly over the past 10 years
- Back-of-envelope calculations to in-house computational tools
- Now some codes available at labs and commercially
 - BLADED
 - ADAMS
 - FAST
 - FEM codes and preprocessors, ANSYS/NuMAD



Colors indicate different materials

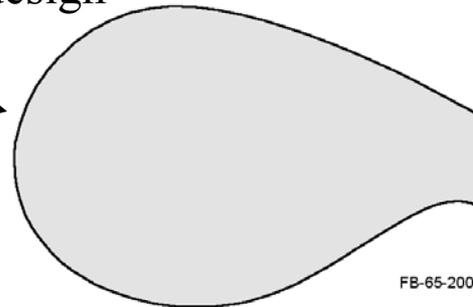
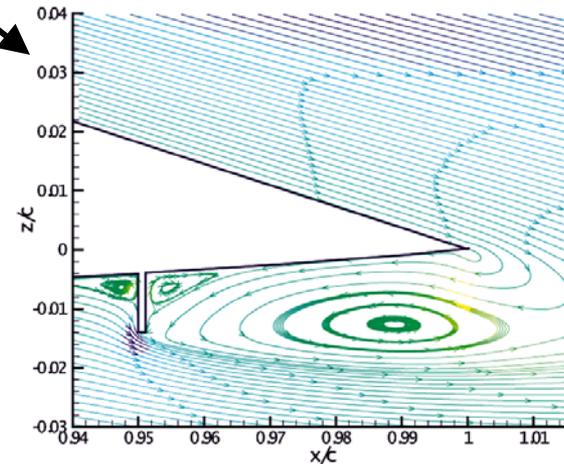
Design Process Trends

- Load models continually upgraded to reflect improvements from research
- Certification & Standards
GL, IEC, now UL
 - Designs enhanced by consistent modeling practices to get certification
 - Designers can use a set of commonly accepted load cases & not re-invent



Design Advancement Opportunities

- Load alleviation
 - Passive - twist coupling
 - Sweep twist
 - Active devices - microtabs
- Performance enhancement & control devices
 - Pitch – collective & individual
 - Flaperons, ailerons
 - Active devices
- Efficient internal blade architecture
 - Anti-buckling concepts
- Slender blades
- Integrated structural/aerodynamic design
 - Thickened airfoils
- Safety factor shakeouts

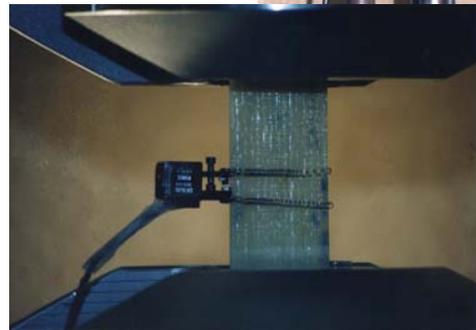


Trends in Materials

- Continuation of material characterization
 - Data bases available to public – DOE/MSU & FACT

DOE/MSU Fatigue Data Base

- Material Properties (8800 Data Points for 158 Materials)
 - Industry Materials (23)
 - Specialized Materials
- Expanded Programs
 - Spectral Loading
 - Matrix Materials
 - Carbon Fibers
- Updated Yearly - sandia.gov/wind/

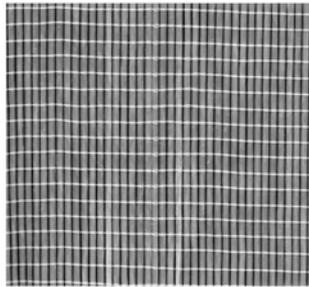


Trends in Materials

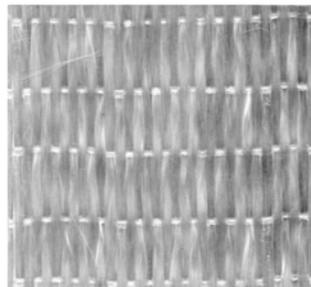
- Availability of new materials and new material forms
 - Traditional forms of glass
 - Woven
 - Stitched
 - Bonded
 - Carbon
 - Large tow & medium tow – less expensive
 - Carbon-Hybrid
 - Pre-preg glass & carbon
 - 3D weave
 - New matrix materials



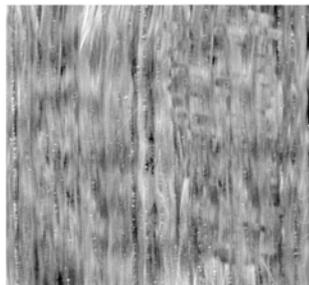
Carbon & Carbon-Hybrids Provide Enhanced Strength for Less Weight



D155



A130



UC1018V

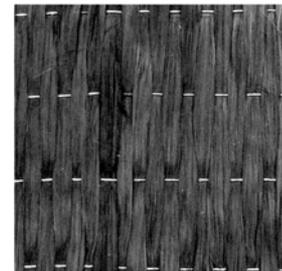


DB120

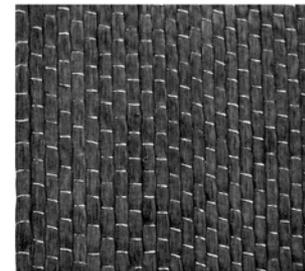
E-glass Fibers

2 cm

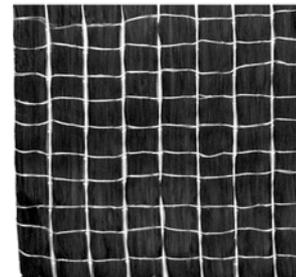
Zoltek UNI21



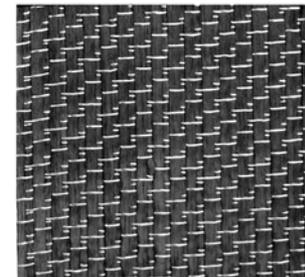
Zoltek UNI25 (XP33FBUD25)



Toray ACM - 13 - 2



Toray UT - 70 - 60

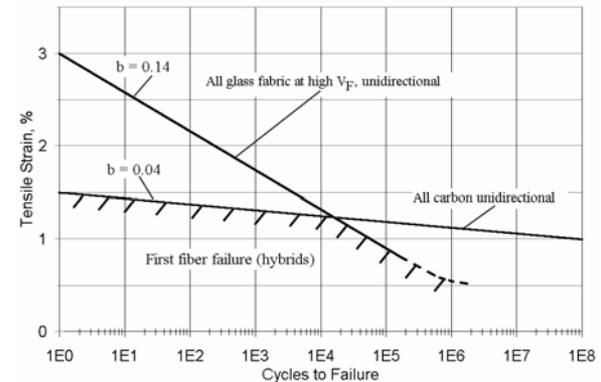


1 cm

Large Tow Carbon Fibers

Additional Research in Materials

- Continued characterization of new or modified materials
- Thin v. thick coupons v. full blade properties (transfer function)
 - Determine properties in as-built structure
 - More efficient composite design
- Understanding design details and substructures
 - Effect of defects, ply drops
 - Material combination (hybrids) introduce strain concentrations
 - Carbon-glass interfaces
 - Concerns about waviness & compressive strength



Failure of the Fiberglass Drives the Failure of the Hybrid Composite

Manufacturing Process Trends

- Gone from hand lay-up to more automated processes
 - Pre-preg
 - Infusion – various forms
 - Re-emergence of wood-carbon blades



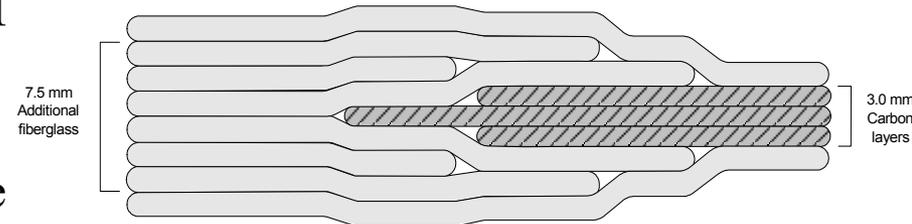
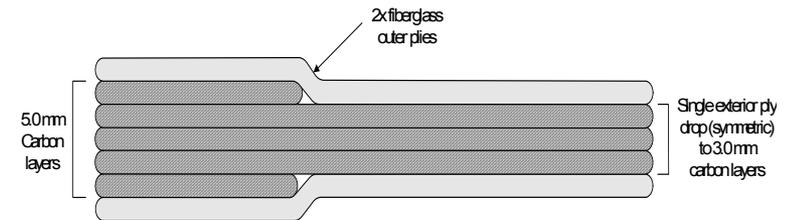
Manufacturing Process Trends

- Coupling of two or more processes
 - Pre-preg and infusion
 - Automated lay-up with pre-preg or infusion
 - Incorporation of pultrusions
 - MSU/Cairns
 - WindPACT Studies/Zuteck



Potential Improvements in Manufacturing

- Manufacturing processes
 - Process designed/optimized around different forms
 - Modeling of process itself
 - Material/resin combinations that infuse well to achieve desirable fiber content
 - Pre-form use in thickened areas
- Increased reliability in general
 - Quality & repeatability (reduce uncertainty)
 - More of test-validate-redesign cycle
- Automation
 - Tape laying
 - Pre-forms



Tuesday, February 24

7:30 am Early Registration & Continental Breakfast

Introduction

8:30am Tom Ashwill, SNL, *Welcome to Conference and Overview of Blade Technology*

Keynote

9:00am Peter Jamieson, Garrad-Hassan, *Evolution of Modern Wind Turbine Rotors*

Design & Manufacturing

9:30am Brian Glenn, Clipper, *The Evolution of Blade Manufacturing*

10:00am **Break

10:30am Ramesh Gopalakrishnan, GE Wind, *Blade Design & Manufacturing: A GE Perspective*

11:00am Derek Berry, TPI, *Blade Manufacturing Improvements*

11:30am Dayton Griffin, GEC, *Cost Performance Trade-offs for Carbon Fiber*

12:00pm **Lunch

1:00pm Richard Palmer, SP Systems, *An Integrated Approach to Successful Blade Development*

1:30pm Kyle Wetzel, Wetzel Engineering, Inc., *Large and Small Blades, Design & Manufacturing*

2:00pm Jean Lonjaret, Southwest Wind Power, *Design & Manufacturing of Injection Molded Small Blades*

2:30pm Bill Leighty, Alaska Applied Sciences, *High Compression Bladder Molded Prepreg (HCBMP) for Low-Cost Production of a 6-m Blade*

Materials & Codes

2:45pm Tom Lemire, Toho, *Carbon Fibers-What's in the Wind?*

3:10pm **Break

3:30pm Jeff Engbrecht, Toray, *Relevant Issues of Carbon Fiber for the Emerging Wind Market*

4:00pm Mansour Mohamed, 3Tex, *3d Weaving Technology*

4:25pm Martin Kokoshka, Grafil Inc., *Value Chain of Carbon Fibers in the Wind*

4:45pm *Announcements and Adjourn*

7:00pm *Banquet (Guest Speaker - Mike Zuteck)*

Wednesday, February 25

7:30 am Late Registration & Continental Breakfast

Materials & Codes(continued)

8:00am John Mandell, MSU, *Materials Characterization*

8:30am Bruno Boursier, Hexcel Research & Technology, *Compression Testing of Carbon Composites for Structural Applications in Wind Blades*

9:00am Scott Schreck, NREL, *Turbine Aerodynamics & Modeling Uncertainties*

9:30am Craig Hansen, Woodward Engineering, *Blade Load Modeling*

10:00am **Break

10:20am Daniel Laird, SNL, *Codes for Blade Design*

Testing & Certification

10:40am Walt Musial, NREL, *Testing & Certification*

11:10am Arno van Wingerde, Knowledge Centre WMC, *Design & Testing of Rotor Blades*

11:35am Bill Colavecchio, Underwriters Laboratories, *Certification*

11:55pm **Lunch

1:00pm Jan Hornbech, Risoe National Laboratory, *Blade Testing*

1:25pm H.B Ben Hendriks, ECN, *Application of Optical Fibers for Blade Load Measurement & Condition Monitoring*

Future Trends

1:45pm Paul Veers, SNL, *Session Introduction*

1:50pm Case van Dam, UC Davis, *Airfoils for Structures*

2:20pm Marco Zvanik, Owens-Corning, *Blade Manufacturing Issues & Trends*

2:50pm **Break

3:15pm Don Lobitz, SNL, *Stability Concerns for Large Blades*

3:40pm Doug Cairns, MSU, *Design Manufacturing & Material Trends in Wind Turbine Blade Structures*

4:10pm Peter Fuglsang, Risoe National Laboratory, *Aeroelastic Blade Design- Slender Blades with High Lift Airfoils Compared to Traditional Blades*

4:30pm Ken Fisher, Goodrich De-icing and Specialty Systems, *Integrated Protection & Self Monitoring Rotor System*

4:50pm Paul Veers, SNL, *Rotor Blade Research-Where Do We Go From Here?*

5:05pm *Adjourn*